Company: Rio Tinto Group	Ticker: RIO Price: \$65.09	Industry: Metals and Mining	
Target Price: \$75.39	TTM P/E: 8.53x	Beta: 1.81	Market Cap: \$106 Billion
Stop Loss: 25%	Forward P/E: 15x	Credit Rating: Aa3 (Moody's)	Avg. Vol. (12 M): 2.1M
52 Week High/Low: \$50.92/\$83.21	EPS: \$7.63 LTM	Rating Outlook: Stable	Div. Yield: 7.62% annual

## Company Background:

RIO is a Metals and Mining company based out of London, UK. RIO has a long operating history as they reached their 150-year anniversary of being founded in 1873. They operate in 56 countries across 6 continents. RIO's revenues are reported based on 4 segments: Iron Ore, Aluminum Ore, Copper Ore, and Minerals. RIO ranks as the number one global producer of Iron Ore, the 6th producer of Aluminum Ore, the 13th producer of Copper Ore, and the 9th producer of minerals. Throughout their history, RIO has successfully confronted recessions, political turbulence, oversupplies and low prices, labor disputes, and environmental and humans rights issues. RIO has successfully invested, and continues to invest, in first-class mining properties with large reserves and low production costs.

# Industry Outlook:

We believe the metals and mining industry remains well capitalized and overdrawn after hitting a rough patch for the FY 2022, on macroeconomic concerns regarding a global slowdown in economic activity amid tighter monetary and fiscal policy globally. Through over a decade long bear market in metals, mining, and energy, we believe these areas of market offer attractive opportunities through much cleaner financial statements; as the past decade consisted of years of debt repayments, drastically lower production, resulting in lower capex, in a capital-intensive industry. We believe metals and mining companies are in the driver's seat in capturing upside from higher commodity prices due to tight supply. As many countries and world governments have pleaded to net zero emissions by 2040-2050, the buildout of our energy transition in renewables and sustainability continue to serve as major tailwinds to the metals and mining industry due to increased demand, and lack of substitutes. Currently the market is pricing in sufficient supply to meet current demand, however deficits are forecasted to occur come 2025, and thereafter. Base metals (I.e., Copper, Aluminum, Iron Ore), as well as rare earth's (lithium, cobalt, neodymium, etc), are applicable to the buildout of solar panels, electric vehicles, battery's, wind turbines, windmill's, most of which are part of Rio Tinto's product mix.

### **Investment Thesis:**

In our view, we see RIO Tinto Group as a company who is on the forefront of an incoming commodity supercycle, and will be a major beneficiary of the energy transition. In a market that remains tight on the supply side, and is rapidly growing on the demand side, we believe Rio Tinto will capitalize on higher commodity prices to come, while also gaining market share in a sector that has seen a significant investment drought over the past decade. Rio Tinto currently trades at a 30% discount relative to its valuation in 2007, which could be attributed to the last boom/bust cycle in the metals and mining space, but the company today is much better capitalized as they have significantly higher cash reserves, operating metrics, and valuation measures where on a P/E, ROIC, Debt/Equity, and EPS all show it to be much more attractive. We believe these factors, as well as the added tailwind that the energy transition adds on a demand basis, fair well for the overall attractiveness of the metals and mining space.

#### **Investment Risks:**

One of the risks involved in RIO includes employee safety concerns. The well-being and safety of employees has been a high priority fix for companies across the entire Metals and Mining industry. Recently, RIO has been using automated robots to conduct high-risk tasks. In addition to this RIO has improved their relationship with safety committees for knowledge of how to improve the safety of operations in their highly dangerous line of business. These improvements have led to 0 fatalities under managed operations and one fatality in a non-managed charter vessel.

Another risk involved with RIO includes government regulation. RIO has faced trouble opening new mines in the past due to the government demanding higher social and sustainability standards. As of recent, RIO has improved their social and

environmental standards allowing them to explore and open new mines. RIO plans to maintain their strong relationship with global governments through impeccable environmental and social practices.

Another risk for RIO would be another global slowdown. Metals and Mining companies tend to underperform when the economy slows down due to decreases in global manufacturing, leading to lower demand for their products. RIO has survived many recessions and has shown to excel immediately after any global slowdown. With countries all over the world opening from covid lockdowns, we are already seeing the start of a long run for RIO.

#### 4-Year Financial Performance (Billions): 2019 2020 2021 2022 Revenue \$43,165 \$44,611 \$63,495 \$55,554 Net Income \$8,010 \$9,769 \$21,094 \$12,420 **NOPLAT** \$10,635 \$12,242 \$21,179 \$12,359 6.12% 3.24% 29.74% -14.29% Revenue Growth % 34.25% 38.63% 46.36% 32.30% EBIT % Margin 19.76% 20.76% 41.01% 24.75% ROE **FCF** \$9,545 \$8,933 \$14,800 \$9,108

Terminal Year FCF	\$ 6,957.71	
Terminal Value	\$ 110,788.15	
Discount Rate	10.00%	
Perpetual Growth Rate	3.50%	
PV of Terminal Value	38830.56917	
PV of Cash Flows	\$ 86,730.06	
Enterprise Value	125560.6259	
+ Cash	\$ 8,907.00	
- Debt	12,271	
Equity Value	\$ 122,196.63	
Shares Outstanding	1,620.80	
Implied Share Price	\$ 75.39	

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64.42 15%

Current Share Price

Discounted Cash Flow Valuation:

